Peter Sinshelmer 06-5-2

Professional Wet Cleaning as a Viable Substitute for PERC Dry Cleaning

Peter Sinsheimer MPH, MA
Pollution Prevention Center
Urban and Environmental Policy Institute
Occidental College

Professional Wet Cleaning Demonstration Project - Project Funding and Collaboration -

- · Gov't Agencies
- Cities
- · Garment Care Associations
- · Energy Utilities
- Garment Manufacturers
- Environmental and Community Groups
- Universities
- Private Foundations

Project Timeline

1996: Established 1st professional wet cleaner (PWC) in California.

1998: Established 1st dry cleaner to switch to PWC.

2000: Established large-scale PWC demonstration program in the Los Angeles region.

2005: Began demo program for Bay Area and San Diego for PWC and CO₂-dry cleaning.

Structure of Demonstration Program

- Provides grant funds to dry cleaners willing to switch.
- · Showcase technology to cleaners.
- · Provide data for evaluation.



Demonstration-Program Results

- · 23 demonstration sites.
- · 44 dedicated professional wet cleaners.
- 45 mixed shop professional wet cleaners.

Demonstration Site Evaluation Results

Performance

- Cleaners able to process full range of garments previously dry cleaned.
- Customer retention very high.

<u>Financial</u>

- Equipment costs comparable or lower.
- Operating cost lower after switch.

Resource Use

• Lower energy use.

Barriers to Diffusion of Professional Wet Cleaning as a Substitute for PERC Dry Cleaning

- "Dry Clean Only" care label favors dry cleaning.
- Training required.
- Cleaners need to see PWC before switching.

Conclusion

- Professional wet cleaning is a non-toxic, costeffective substitute for PERC dry cleaning.
- Supports Regulatory Alternative 3: phase out of PERC and freeze on hydrocarbon machines.
- Provides "maximum protection from emissions of Perc while preventing an increase in VOC emissions." (ISOR)
- Only option that creates a net economic savings.
- · Win-win-win for cleaners, agencies, and society.